SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

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CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise Registration

Certificate

No. 0200344752 dated 5 March 1999 was initially issued by the

Department of Planning of Hai Phong with the latest (11th)

Chairperson

Member

Member

Member

Member

Vice Chairperson

Vice Chairperson

amendment dated 11 July 2018.

Chairperson

Mr. Bui Quoc Hung

Board of Management

Board of Supervision

Mr. Bui Quoc Hung Mr. Kek Chin Ann

Mr. Mai Xuan Phong Mr. Nguyen Van Binh Mr. Wilson Cheah Hui

Mr. Wilson Cheah Hui Pin Mr. Tran Hoang Lam Mr. Pham Huu Quy Lam

Ms. Pham Thi Hai Yen Chief Supervisor

Mr. Dang Quoc Viet (appointed on 6 July 2020)

Chief Supervisor

(resigned on 5 March 2020)

Ms. Mai Thi Mai Hoa Member

(appointed on 6 July 2020)

Mr. Ngo Van Duy Nhat Member (resigned on 6 May 2020)

Mr. Tran Phuoc Thai Member

Board of Directors

Mr. Kek Chin Ann

Ms. Pham Thi Thu Nga

General Director

Deputy General Director

(resigned on 30 November 2020 and appointed on 1 January 2021)

Legal Representative

Mr. Bui Quoc Hung

Chairperson

Registered Office

71 Le Lai Street, May Chai Ward, Ngo Quyen District, Hai Phong

City, Vietnam

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE OF THE COMPANY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Legal Representative of the Company authorised the General Director to sign and be responsible for the separate financial statements of Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation ("the Company") pursuant to the Decision No. 01/2020/QD-HDQT dated 15 July 2020.

The Legal Representative of Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation is responsible for preparing separate financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these separate financial statements, the Legal Representative is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the separate financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Legal Representative is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and enable separate financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the separate financial statements. The Legal Representative is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or error.

APPROVAL OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I hereby, approve the accompanying separate financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 42 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020 and of the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements.

Users of these separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020 in order to obtain full information of the consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows of the Group.

Kek Chin Ann

CÔNG 1

ĐỘ HỘP HẠ LONG

General Director Authorised signatory

Hai Phong, S.R. Vietnam 29 March 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HA LONG CANNED FOOD JOINT STOCK CORPORATION

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation ("the Company") which were prepared on 31 December 2020 and approved by the Legal Representative of the Company on 29 March 2021. The separate financial statements comprise the separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2020, the separate income statement and the separate cash flow statement for the year then ended, and explanatory notes to the separate financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 5 to 42.

Responsibility of the Legal Representative

The Legal Representative of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these separate financial statements of the Company in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation separate financial statements; and for such internal control which the Legal Representative determines as necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical standards and requirements and plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and true and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Legal Representative, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2020, its separate financial performance and separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of separate financial statements.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 2.16 in the separate financial statements which indicates that as at 31 December 2020, the Company did not recognise provision for severance allowance for employees of approximately VND 6,653,768,550 because of the adoption of Circular No.180/2012/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 24 October 2012. The adoption of this Circular by the Company has resulted in a difference with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No.18 "Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities".

Other matters

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The independent auditor's review report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

Tran Hong Kien

Audit Practising Licence No.

0298-2018-006-1

Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HAN 2748

Hanoi, 29 March 2021

Hoang Phan Quang Audit Practising Licence No. 3839-2021-006-1

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET

Code ASSETS Note VND VND VND VND (As restated Note 3)				As at 31 D	ecember ecember
Current assets Construction for decline in value of inventories Construction in progress Construction in prog	Codo	ACCETC	Nata		
Note 3 100 CURRENT ASSETS 212,850,906,411 161,993,942,383 110 Cash and cash equivalents 4 5,380,711,054 10,808,391,669 10,508,391,391 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,268 10,508,477,489 10,508,478,478 10,508,478 10,5	Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	
110					
Short-term receivables Sign Short-term receivables Short-term trade accounts receivable G(a) 29,279,847,320 21,477,746,007 29,615,347,400 1,955,741,964 1,	100	CURRENT ASSETS		212,850,906,411	161,993,942,383
30 Short-term receivables 30,886,202,907 21,875,987,605 21,477,746,007 32 Short-term trade accounts receivable 6(a) 29,279,847,320 21,477,746,007 32 Short-term prepayments to suppliers 7 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 6,963,477,268 7,080,876,864 7,080,876,876,898 3,710,264 140 Inventories 9 174,915,409,710 126,715,260,361 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450 176,008,638,543 176,0	110	Cash and cash equivalents	4	5,380,711,054	10,808,391,669
Short-term trade accounts receivable Short-term prepayments to suppliers 2,961,534,740 1,955,741,964 1366 Other short-term preceivables 7 7,080,878,864 6,963,477,268 137 Provision for doubtful debts – short-term 8 (8,436,056,017) (8,524,687,898) 139 Shortage of assets awaiting resolution 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450 140 Inventories 9 174,915,409,710 126,715,260,361 141 Inventories 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450 149 Provision for decline in value of inventories 1,668,582,740 2,594,302,748 150 Short-term prepaid expenses 10(a) 527,221,742 551,294,748 153 Tax and other receivables from the State 14(a) 1,141,360,998 2,043,008,000 200 LONG-TERM ASSETS 64,291,131,260 54,983,086,860 210 Long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 2,	111	Cash		5,380,711,054	10,808,391,669
Short-term trade accounts receivable Short-term prepayments to suppliers 2,961,534,740 1,955,741,964 1366 Other short-term preceivables 7 7,080,878,864 6,963,477,268 137 Provision for doubtful debts – short-term 8 (8,436,056,017) (8,524,687,898) 139 Shortage of assets awaiting resolution 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450 140 Inventories 9 174,915,409,710 126,715,260,361 141 Inventories 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450 149 Provision for decline in value of inventories 1,668,582,740 2,594,302,748 150 Short-term prepaid expenses 10(a) 527,221,742 551,294,748 153 Tax and other receivables from the State 14(a) 1,141,360,998 2,043,008,000 200 LONG-TERM ASSETS 64,291,131,260 54,983,086,860 210 Long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 2,	130	Short-term receivables		30.886.202.907	21.875.987.605
Other short-term receivables			6(a)	29,279,847,320	21,477,746,007
Provision for doubtful debts - short-term Shortage of assets awaiting resolution Shortage of assets 176,008,638,543 127,808,763,450			7		
139					
Inventories				-	
Inventories	140	Inventories	9	174.915.409.710	126.715.260.361
150 Other current assets 1,668,582,740 2,594,302,748 151 Short-term prepaid expenses 10(a) 527,221,742 551,294,748 153 Tax and other receivables from the State 14(a) 1,141,360,998 2,043,008,000 200 LONG-TERM ASSETS 64,291,131,260 54,983,086,860 210 Long-term receivables 2,237,079,473 2,977,424,336 211 Long-term trade accounts receivable 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 220 Fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 224 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855					
Short-term prepaid expenses	149	Provision for decline in value of inventorie	S	(1,093,228,833)	(1,093,503,089)
153 Tax and other receivables from the State 14(a) 1,141,360,998 2,043,008,000 200 LONG-TERM ASSETS 64,291,131,260 54,983,086,860 210 Long-term receivables 2,237,079,473 2,977,424,336 211 Long-term trade accounts receivable 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 217 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 223 Accumulated depreciation 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 224 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 241 Long-term in	150	Other current assets		1,668,582,740	2,594,302,748
200 LONG-TERM ASSETS 64,291,131,260 54,983,086,860 210 Long-term receivables 2,237,079,473 2,977,424,336 211 Long-term trade accounts receivable 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 240 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
210 Long-term receivables 2,237,079,473 2,977,424,336 211 Long-term trade accounts receivable 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 216 Other long-term receivables 6(b) 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long	153	lax and other receivables from the State	14(a)	1,141,360,998	2,043,008,000
Long-term trade accounts receivable Other long-term receivables Other long-term receivables 1,587,235,181 2,380,852,771 2,980,571,565 220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 26,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 3,288,660,814 3,288,660,814 3,288,660,814 3,288,660,814 3,288,660,	200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		64,291,131,260	54,983,086,860
216 Other long-term receivables 649,844,292 596,571,565 220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b)					
220 Fixed assets 37,037,300,641 33,138,789,476 221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599			6(b)		
221 Tangible fixed assets 11(a) 23,639,242,231 20,283,760,293 222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599	210	Other long-term receivables		649,844,292	590,571,565
222 Historical cost 106,490,316,055 98,913,464,422 223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599					
223 Accumulated depreciation (82,851,073,824) (78,629,704,129) 227 Intangible fixed assets 11(b) 13,398,058,410 12,855,029,183 228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599			11(a)		
227					
228 Historical cost 14,134,262,202 13,209,262,202 229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599		· •		54.0 2000 20 2200 20	(10,020,104,120)
229 Accumulated amortisation (736,203,792) (354,233,019) 240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599			11(b)		
240 Long-term assets in progress 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599					
242 Construction in progress 12 6,617,163,883 45,500,000 250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599		/ todamated amortisation		(130,203,132)	(554,255,019)
250 Long-term investments 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599			40		•
251 Investments in subsidiaries 5 15,110,926,449 15,110,926,449 260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599	242	Construction in progress	12	6,617,163,883	45,500,000
260 Other long-term assets 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599 261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599					15,110,926,449
261 Long-term prepaid expenses 10(b) 3,288,660,814 3,710,446,599	251	Investments in subsidiaries	5	15,110,926,449	15,110,926,449
				3,288,660,814	3,710,446,599
	261	Long-term prepaid expenses	10(b)	3,288,660,814	3,710,446,599
270 TOTAL ASSETS 277,142,037,671 216,977,029,243	270	TOTAL ASSETS		277,142,037,671	216,977,029,243

SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued)

		_	As at 31 December		
Code	RESOURCES	Note	2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)	
300	LIABILITIES		170,965,804,713	115,754,269,554	
310 311	Short-term liabilities Short-term trade accounts payable	13	165,685,581,637 73,588,005,125	111,799,446,458 39,653,441,264	
312 313 314	Short-term advances from customers Tax and other payables to the State Payables to employees	14(b)	777,802,063 8,112,041,224 819,680,602	936,338,601 7,759,952,988 2,966,615,994	
315 319 320	Short-term accrued expenses Other short-term payables	15 16	7,313,697,785 1,611,400,435	6,283,411,321 1,593,620,905	
322	Short-term borrowings Bonus and welfare funds	17(a) 18	69,870,943,427 3,592,010,976	49,720,854,409 2,885,210,976	
330 337 338	Long-term liabilities Other long-term payables Long-term borrowings	17(b)	5,280,223,076 282,500,163 1,139,569,000	3,954,823,096 282,500,163	
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	19	3,858,153,913	3,672,322,933	
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		106,176,232,958	101,222,759,689	
410 411 <i>411a</i>	Capital and reserves Owners' capital - Ordinary shares with voting rights	20,21	106,176,232,958 50,000,000,000 <i>50,000,000,000</i>	101,222,759,689 50,000,000,000 <i>50,000,000,000</i>	
412 418	Share premium Investment and development funds	21 21	15,753,387,350 29,020,260,148	15,753,387,350 29,020,260,148	
421 421a	Undistributed earnings - (Accumulated losses)/undistributed	21	11,402,585,460	6,449,112,191	
421b	post-tax profits of previous years - Post-tax profits of current year		(50,887,809) 11,453,473,269	823,217,569 5,625,894,622	
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		277,142,037,671	216,977,029,243	

Do Thi Hoai Huong Preparer/Chief Accountant Kek Chin Ann General Director Authorised signatory 29 March 2021

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The notes on pages 9 to 42 are an integral part of these separate financial statements.

Form B 02 - DN

SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT

		_	Year ended 31 December		
Code		Note	2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)	
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		488,138,360,437	405,095,847,733	
02	Less deductions		(4,100,871,756)	(3,875,179,348)	
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	24	484,037,488,681	401,220,668,385	
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	25	(365,041,669,482)	(295,892,000,743)	
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		118,995,819,199	105,328,667,642	
21 22 23 25 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expenses Selling expenses General and administration expenses	26 27 28	71,509,759 (4,195,233,726) (3,602,134,617) (79,765,217,232) (20,158,355,670)	115,151,422 (2,335,769,098) (2,252,207,220) (75,094,745,093) (23,512,455,644)	
30	Net operating profit		14,948,522,330	4,500,849,229	
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other (expenses)/income		171,817,153 (273,530,729) (101,713,576)	2,827,481,261 (595,437,334) 2,232,043,927	
50	Net accounting profit before tax		14,846,808,754	6,732,893,156	
51 52	Business income tax ("BIT") - current BIT - deferred	29 29	(3,393,335,485)	(1,106,998,534)	
60	Net profit after tax		11,453,473,269	5,625,894,622	
			ONG TY CO		

Do Thi Hoai Huong Preparer/Chief Accountant

Kek Chin Ann General Director Authorised signatory 29 March 2021

The notes on pages 9 to 42 are an integral part of these separate financial statements.

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SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

			Year ended 3	31 December
Code		Note	2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)
	CARLELOWIC EDOM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		14,846,808,754	6,732,893,156
02 03	Depreciation and amortisation Provisions		4,603,340,468 96,924,843	4,630,582,755 (3,335,149,708)
05 06	Profits from investing activities Interest expenses		(45,297,074) 3,602,134,617	(102,531,733) 2,252,207,220
08 09 10	Operating profit before changes in working ca Increase in receivables Increase in inventories	pital	23,103,911,608 (7,032,663,636) (48,199,875,093)	10,178,001,690 (9,182,907,757) (17,352,141,380)
11 12	Increase/(decrease) in payables Decrease in prepaid expenses		29,796,321,567 445,858,791	(4,795,298,052) 3,592,465,325
14 15 17	Interest paid BIT paid Other payments on operating activities		(3,567,407,153) (988,907,355)	(2,252,207,220) - (29,213,589)
20	Net cash outflows from operating activities		(6,442,761,271)	(19,841,300,983)
21 27	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of fixed assets and other long-term a Dividends and interest received	ssets	(15,320,443,436) 45,297,074	(2,704,150,000) 102,531,733
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(15,275,146,362)	(2,601,618,267)
33	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from borrowings		340,559,007,027	181,034,593,277
34 36 40	Repayments of borrowings Dividends paid, profits distributed to owners Net cash inflows from financing activities		(319,269,349,009) (4,999,431,000) 16,290,227,018	(151,313,314,388) (2,494,076,250) 27,227,202,639
50	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash			
	equivalents		(5,427,680,615)	4,784,283,389
60 61	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange differences	ar 4	10,808,391,669	6,024,108,280
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	0200	5,380,711,054	10,808,391,669
6		O CÔN	NG TY CO PHÂN	
		A PO HO	NG CANFOOD	

Do Thi Hoai Huong Preparer/Chief Accountant Kek Chin Ann General Director Authorised signatory 29 March 2021

The notes on pages 9 to 42 are an integral part of these separate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in SR Vietnam pursuant to Business Registration Certificate No. 0200344752 initially issued by Hai Phong Department of Planning and Investment on 5 March 1999. The latest amendment (11th) to the Business Registration Certificate was issued on 11 July 2018.

Owners of the Company include shareholders holding the Company's shares. Details of capital contributions are presented in Note 20.

The Company's business sector is manufacturing.

The principal business activities of the Company are: producing, processing, packaging and exporting aquatic products, sea products, frozen animal husbandry products and other food products.

The normal business cycle of the Company is within 12 months.

In accordance to the Resolution of Board of Management No. 21/2017/NQ-HDQT, No. 22/2017/NQ-HDQT and No. 27/2017/NQ-HDQT on 6 October 2017, the management has decided to close three branches:

- Da Nang City branch, located at 150 Dong Da Street, Thuan Phuoc Ward, Hai Chau District, Da Nang City, Vietnam;
- Ho Chi Minh City branch, located at 30 Ly Long Tuong, My Quang H30 Street, Tan Phong Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam; and
- Hanoi City branch, located at 80B Nguyen Van Cu Street, Bo De Ward, Long Bien District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

As at 31 December 2020, Ha Noi and Da Nang Branches were officially closed. The closing procedures of the Ho Chi Minh Branch were under way.

As at 31 December 2020, the Company has two subsidiaries as below:

Subsidiaries	Principal business activities	Place of incorporation and operation	% Owner ship	% of voting rights
Ha Long Canfoco – Da Nang Company Limited	Processing and storage of fish and fish products, meat and meat products, vegetables and fruits, livestock, poultry feed and aquatic products.	Quang Aquaculture Services IZ, Tho Quang Ward, Son Tra	100%	100%
Ha Long Canfoco Kindergarten	Providing childcare and nursery education service.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100%	100%

As at 31 December 2020, the Company had 545 employees (as at 31 December 2019: 527 employees).

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of separate financial statements

The separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements. The separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying separate financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The separate financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory separate financial statements of the Company. The separate financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese version.

Separately, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, "the Group"), in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. In the consolidated financial statements, subsidiary undertakings, which are those companies over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, have been fully consolidated.

Users of these separate financial statements of the Company should read them together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 in order to obtain full information of the consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations and consolidated cash flows of the Group.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

2.3 Currency

The separate financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"). The Company determines its accounting currency based on the currency which is mainly used in sales of goods and rendering of services, which has a significant impact on selling prices of goods and services, which is normally used to list selling prices and receive payments; which is mainly used in purchases of goods or services, which has a significant impact on cost of labor, materials and other production or operating costs and normally used as payments of those costs.

In addition, the Company also uses this currency to raise financial resources and regularly collects this currency from business operation and savings.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the balance sheet date of the commercial bank where the Company regularly trades. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the income statement.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at bank, cash in transit, demand deposits and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.6 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off when identified.

Receivables are classified into long-term and short-term receivables on the balance sheet based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, where necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous period are recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the period.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are the entities over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies in order to gain future benefits from their activities, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

Investments in subsidiaries are initially recorded at cost of acquisition including capital contribution value plus other expenditure directly attributable to the investment. Subsequently, the Legal Representative reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

2.9 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation/amortisation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure incurred subsequently which has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the income statement when incurred.

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the historical cost of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives or over the term of the Enterprise Registration Certificate if shorter. The principal annual rates of each asset class are as follows:

Plant and buildings	7% - 33%
Machinery	8% - 50%
Motor vehicles	10% - 50%
Office equipment	14% - 50%
Software	20%

Land use rights with indefinite useful life are recorded at historical cost and are not amortised.

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to newly construct, to repair and maintain, to upgrade, to renew or equip the projects with technologies. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.11 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the balance sheet. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on the straight-line basis over estimated useful lives.

2.12 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables, and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into long-term and short-term payables on the balance sheet based on remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.13 Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities include borrowings and finance leases from banks.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities on the balance sheet based on their remaining terms from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Company's borrowings that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

2.14 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provisions will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting period are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

2.16 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Company who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer, are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the period during which the employee actually works for the Company less the period during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Company.

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting period on the basis that each employee is entitled half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee contract's average salary for the six-month period prior to the balance sheet date. This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when the employees terminate their labour contracts in accordance with current regulations.

The Company did not recognise provision for severance allowance for employees because of the adoption of Circular No.180/2012/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 24 October 2012. The adoption of this Circular by the Company has resulted in a difference with Vietnamese Accounting Standard No.18 "Provisions, contingent assets and liabilities". Had the Company adopted Vietnamese Accounting Standard, the provision for severance allowance as at 31 December 2020 would have been VND 6,653,768,550 (as at 31 December 2019: VND 6,958,891,009).

2.17 Provision for dismantling and restoration costs

According to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014 issued by the Ministry of Finance, since 1 January 2015, the Company is required to provide for dismantling and restoration costs of the Company's leased premises and land following guidance presented in Note 2.15 and relevant regulations.

This provision is measured at the present value of expenditures estimated to settle the dismantling and restoration obligation at the end of the lease term. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as an interest expense.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.18 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed and is recorded according to the par value of the shares.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issue price of shares and the difference between the repurchase price and re-issuing price of treasury shares.

Undistributed earnings record the Company's results (profit, loss) after BIT at the reporting date.

2.19 Appropriation of profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's General Meeting of shareholders.

Profit after business income tax could be distributed to shareholders after approval at Shareholders' General Meeting, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Company's funds are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

Investment and development fund is appropriated from profit after business income tax of the Company and approved at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from profit after business income tax of the Company and subject to shareholders' approval at the Shareholders' General Meeting. This fund is presented as a liability on the separate balance sheet.

2.20 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the income statement when all five (5) following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Revenue recognition (continued)

(a) Revenue from sales of goods (continued)

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sale obligation. In cases where the Company gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Company allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods. The cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of sales in the separate income statement.

(b) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the separate income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from the rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is recognised to the separate income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an earned basis.

2.21 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts, sales returns and allowances. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering of services are recorded as deduction of revenue of that period.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering of services which are sold in the period but are incurred after the balance sheet date but before the issuance of the separate financial statements are recorded as deduction of revenue of the period.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and cost of services rendered are cost of finished goods, merchandise or services rendered during the period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudent basis.

2.23 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities mainly including interest expenses; and losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.24 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products, goods, and providing services.

2.25 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes of the Company.

2.26 Current and deferred income tax

Income taxes include all income taxes which are based on taxable profits including profits generated from production and trading activities in other countries with which the Socialist Republic of Vietnam has not signed any double taxation agreement. Income tax expense comprises current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income taxes payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred tax should be recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different period, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the separate financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the separate financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.27 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, including directors of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Company considers the substance of the relationships, not merely the legal form.

2.28 Accounting estimates

The preparation of separate financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of financial statements requires the Legal Representative to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions are as follows:

- Estimated useful lives of fixed assets (Note 2.9);
- Estimation of provision for doubtful debts (Note 8):
- Estimation of provision for decline in value of inventories (Note 9); and
- Estimation of provision for dismantling and restoration costs (Notes 2.17 and 19).

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 RETROSPECTIVE ADJUSTMENTS

In accordance with the tax inspection result for the financial year 2019 issued by the Tax Authority of Hai Phong City in the Decision No. 6565/QD-CT dated 10 December 2020, the Company had the obligation to pay additional tax amount of VND 2,025,612,415 with the details as below:

VND

Additional VAT
Additional business income tax
Additional personal income tax
Penalty and late payment interest

77,405,846 188,907,354 1,319,444,034 439,855,181

2,025,612,415

The Company decided to pay additional tax amount in accordance with the Decision No. 6565/QD-CT for the year 2019 as above on 21 December 2020 and make retrospective adjustments for the additional tax obligations to the financial year 2019, with the details as below:

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3 RETROSPECTIVE ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Balance sheet (extracted):

		As at 31 December 2019			
Cod	e	As previously reported VND	Retrospective adjustment VND	As restated VND	
310 313	Current liabilities Taxes and other payables	109,773,834,043	2,025,612,415	111,799,446,458	
	to the State	5,734,340,573	2,025,612,415	7,759,952,988	
400 421 <i>4211</i>	Owners' equity Undistributed earnings Post-tax profit of current	103,248,372,104 8,474,724,606	(2,025,612,415) (2,025,612,415)		
	year	7,651,507,037	(2,025,612,415)	5,625,894,622 ————	
Inco	me statement (extracted):				
			1.1.2019 to 31.12.		
Cod	е	As previously reported VND	Retrospective adjustment VND	As restated VND	
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	(295,814,594,897)	(77,405,846)	295,892,000,743)	
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and				
	rendering of services	105,406,073,488	(77,405,846)	105,328,667,642	
25	Selling expenses	(73,775,301,059)	(1,319,444,034)	(75,094,745,093)	
30	Net operating profit	5,897,699,109	(1,396,849,880)	4,500,849,229	
32 40	Other expenses Net other income	(155,582,153) 2,671,899,108	(439,855,181) (439,855,181)	(595,437,334) 2,232,043,927	
50	Net accounting profit before tax	8,569,598,217	(1,836,705,061)	6,732,893,156	
51	Business income tax - current	(918,091,180)	(188,907,354)	(1,106,998,534)	
60	Net profit after tax	7,651,507,037	(2,025,612,415)	5,625,894,622	

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

3 RETROSPECTIVE ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash flow statement (extracted):

		_	From 1.1.2019 to 31.12.2019		
(Code		As previous reporte VN	d adjustme	
(01	Net accounting profit before			
(08	tax Operating profit before	8,569,598,21	7 (1,836,705,0	61) 6,732,893,156
		changes in working capital	12,014,706,75		
,	11	Decrease in payables	(6,632,003,113	3) 1,836,705,0 = =	061 (4,795,298,052)
4	CASH	AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
				2020 VND	2019 VND
(Cash	on hand		819,093,648	169,370,024
(Cash	in banks (*)		4,561,617,406	10,639,021,645
			=	5,380,711,054	10,808,391,669

^(*) Included in cash in banks is an amount of VND 837,613,500 which is kept on behalf of Ha Long Canfoco Kindergarten – a subsidiary of the Company (Note 16).

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5 INVESTMENTS

Investment in subsidiaries

	Provision VND	1	,	
2019	Fair value (*) VND	15,000,000,000	110,926,449	15,110,926,449
	Cost	15,000,000,000	110,926,449	15,110,926,449
	Provision VND	1	1	
2020	Fair value (*) VND	15,000,000,000	110,926,449	15,110,926,449
	Cost	15,000,000,000	110,926,449	15,110,926,449
		Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited (Note 31(b))	(Note 31(b))	

(*) As at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose on the financial statements because they do not have listed prices and Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of separate financial statements do not provide detailed guidance on the methods to determine fair value. The fair value of such investments may be different from their book values.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

(a) Short-term

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Third parties (*) Related parties (Note 31(b))	28,486,229,730 793,617,590	20,684,128,417 793,617,590
Provision for doubtful debts (Note 8)	29,279,847,320 (1,172,580,199)	21,477,746,007 (1,693,483,680)
	28,107,267,121	19,784,262,327

(*) Details for third parties with balances over 10% of total trade accounts receivable:

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Branch of Pho Viet JSC. Vincommerce General Trading Service Joint	8,756,448,800	369,600,000
Stock Company	4,476,207,362	2,731,249,049
EB Services Co., Ltd.	2,744,560,118	3,987,833,800
Phuc Long Trading Production Co., Ltd.	418,176,000	2,607,619,080

(b) Long-term

2020 VND	2019 VND
2,380,852,771	3,174,470,361
(793,617,590)	(793,617,590)
1,587,235,181	2,380,852,771
	VND 2,380,852,771 (793,617,590)

^(*) This balance represents the receivables from Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited, the Company's subsidiary, for sale of machinery under the Contract No. 877-HDMB/DHHL/2012 dated 1 September 2012 with total value of VND 8,994,332,688 which will be paid by 12 equal repayment instalments commencing from 1 September 2012 to 31 March 2024.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

7 OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Receivables from individuals relating to VAT (*) Advance for business trips and hospitality	5,458,254,250	5,458,254,250
expenses Receivables from related parties (Note 31(b))	77,717,717 182,178,924	475,485,038
Others	1,362,725,973	1,029,737,980
	7,080,876,864	6,963,477,268
Provision for doubtful debts (Note 8)	(6,487,742,230)	(6,589,373,830)
In which: - Provision for receivables from individuals		
relating to VAT (*)	(5,458,254,250)	(5,458,254,250)
- Provision for other receivables	(1,029,487,980)	(1,131,119,580)
	593,134,634	374,103,438

^(*) This balance represents the receivables and its provision from individuals relating to the VAT payable to the State amounting to VND 5,458,254,250 in accordance with Decision No. 03/HSPT dated 12 and 13 January 2005, issued by the Supreme People's Court of Vietnam – Appellate Court in Hanoi.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

8 DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Provision for doubtful debts during the year was as follows:

		2020 Recoverable	
	Cost VND	amount VND	Provision VND
Receivables that were past due: i) Short-term trade			
accounts receivable ii) Other short-term	9,402,923,187	8,230,342,988	1,172,580,199
receivables iii) Short-term repayments	6,487,742,230	_	6,487,742,230
to suppliers	800,284,338	24,550,750	775,733,588
	16,690,949,755	8,254,893,738	8,436,056,017
		2019	
	Cost VND	Recoverable amount VND	Provision VND
Receivables that were past due: i) Short-term trade			
accounts receivable ii) Other short-term	5,952,864,602	4,259,380,922	1,693,483,680
receivables iii) Short-term repayments	6,589,373,830	-	6,589,373,830
to suppliers	810,733,588	568,903,200	241,830,388
	13,352,972,020	4,828,284,122	8,524,687,898
Movements of provision for doubt	ful debts during t	he year were as belo	W:
		2020 VND	2019 VND
Beginning of year Increase Written-off trade accounts receive	ables	8,524,687,898 533,903,200 (622,535,081)	7,936,134,541 588,553,357
End of year	_	8,436,056,017	8,524,687,898

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2019

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2020

9 INVENTORIES

10

(a)

(b)

		20		20	719
	Cost VND	Provisio VN		Cost VND	Provision VND
Goods in transit	-		- 702.6	12,000	-
Raw materials	105,893,140,657	(433,720,62			(433,720,621)
Tools and supplies	1,909,191,138	(342,577,814			(342,577,814)
Work in progress	1,808,889,470		- 5,377,6		
Finished goods	42,393,290,100	(316,930,398			(317,204,654)
Merchandise	24,004,127,178		- 22,754,8 	24,076	_
	176,008,638,543	(1,093,228,833	3) 127,808,7	63,450	(1,093,503,089)
Provision for decline in value					
of inventories	(1,093,228,833)		(1,093,50	03,089)	
	174,915,409,710		126,715,2	60,361	
Movements in the follows:	provision for decl	line in value o	f inventories d	uring th	ne year were as
			202	0	2,019
			VN	D	VND
Beginning of year		15	1,093,503,08	0	5,017,206,154
Reversal			(274,256		(2,871,321,818)
Written off			(274,250)	(1,052,381,247)
				_	(1,032,381,247)
End of year			1,093,228,83	3	1,093,503,089
PREPAID EXPENS	SES				
			222	•	2010
			202		2019
Short-term			VNI	כ	VND
Insurance fees			59,388,43	2	102,141,723
Repair and mainter	nance expenses		28,392,22		18,221,995
Others	idired experieds		439,441,08		430,931,030
			527,221,74	2	551,294,748
		:		=	
Long-term					
Assets retirement of	bligation		2,678,970,46	6	2,822,149,780
Tools and office su			265,439,31		36,638,891
Warehouse, office			111,834,82		810,656,062
Others			232,416,21		41,001,866
			3,288,660,81	_ 4 =	3,710,446,599

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets	Plant and buildings VND	Machinery VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Total
Historical cost As at 1 January 2020 New purchases Transfers from construction in	34,139,986,184 495,255,200	58,985,590,822 6,169,465,233	3,451,036,396	2,336,851,020	98,913,464,422 6,664,720,433
progress (Note 12)	1	912,131,200	•	Ĭ	912,131,200
As at 31 December 2020	34,635,241,384	66,067,187,255	3,451,036,396	2,336,851,020	106,490,316,055
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2020 Charge for the year	(32,078,262,626) (552,634,783)	(41,118,483,266) (3,547,044,916)	- (3,096,107,217) (121,689,996)	- (2,336,851,020) -	(78,629,704,129) (4,221,369,695)
As at 31 December 2020	(32,630,897,409)	(44,665,528,182)	(3,217,797,213)	(2,336,851,020)	(82,851,073,824)
Net book value As at 1 January 2020	2,061,723,558	17,867,107,556	354,929,179		20,283,760,293
As at 31 December 2020	2,004,343,975	21,401,659,073	233,239,183	ı	23,639,242,231

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets was VND 59,333,796,977 (as at 31 December 2019: VND 58,028,348,750).

As at 31 December 2020, tangible fixed assets with a carrying value of VND 14,447,524,686 (as at 31 December 2019: VND 11,338,040,965) were pledged with banks as collateral assets for short-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 17).

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

11 FIXED ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

	Land use rights (*) VND	Software VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2020 New purchases	11,987,672,202	1,221,590,000 925,000,000	13,209,262,202 925,000,000
As at 31 December 2020	11,987,672,202	2,146,590,000	14,134,262,202
Accumulated amortisation As at 1 January 2020 Charge for the year As at 31 December 2020	-	(354,233,019) (381,970,773) (736,203,792)	(354,233,019) (381,970,773) (736,203,792)
Net book value As at 1 January 2020	11,987,672,202	867,356,981	12,855,029,183
As at 31 December 2020	11,987,672,202	1,410,386,208	13,398,058,410

- (*) Intangible fixed assets are land use rights with indefinite useful life and intended purpose of building factories as below:
- i) Land use right of Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation with an area of 10,306m² at plot C3-4 and plot C3-5, Tho Quang Seafood Service Industrial Zone, Tho Quang Ward, Son Tra District, Da Nang City with book value of VND 11,258,672,202.
- ii) Land use right of Ha Long Canned Food Joint Stock Corporation with an area of 290.7m² at plot No.1 at No. 43/1 Phuoc Long Street, Phuoc Long Ward, Nha Trang City, Khanh Hoa Province with book value of VND 729,000,000;

On 20 July 2016, the Company signed a land use right mortgage contract No. 77/2016/VCB DN with Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam - Da Nang branch, to use the land use right in Da Nang (book value of VND 11,258,672,202) as the collateral for the bank loans obtained by Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited, a subsidiary.

On 24 December 2019, the Company signed a land use right mortgage contract No. 01.2019/HDTC - CAN with Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam – South Hai Phong branch, to use the land use right in Nha Trang (book value of VND 729,000,000) as the collateral for the bank loans obtained by the Company (Note 17).

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

12	CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
	Machinery and equipment under installation Kindergarten construction and renovation	4,790,021,065 1,827,142,818	45,500,000
		6,617,163,883	45,500,000
	Movements in construction in progress during the	year were as follows	:
		2020 VND	2019 VND
	Beginning of year Increase Transfer to tangible fixed assets (Note 11(a)) Transfer to intangible fixed assets	45,500,000 7,483,795,083 (912,131,200)	2,704,150,000 (2,185,660,000) (472,990,000)
	End of year	6,617,163,883	45,500,000
13	SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
	Third parties (*) Related parties (Note 31(b))	71,208,436,945 2,379,568,180	28,465,538,516 11,187,902,748
		73,588,005,125	39,653,441,264
	(*) Details for suppliers accounting from 10% or more payable balance were as follows:	re of the total short-t	erm trade accounts
		2020 VND	2019 VND
	Ha Long Foods Import Export One - member Co., Ltd. Xuan Viet Co., Ltd.	54,403,016,970 6,730,858,618	9,063,526,050 7,250,173,700

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

14 TAX AND RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and receivables from/payables to the State were as follows:

As at 31.12.2020 VND		1,141,360,998	1,141,360,998		3,287,220,691 3,035,138,081 151,800,714 - 668,254,250 969,627,488 - 8,112,041,224
Offset VND		(21,697,541,474)	(21,697,541,474)		(21,697,541,474)
Payment during the year VND		1 1			(25,588,152,542) (2,444,437,392) (988,907,355) (4,211,492,090) (101,864,004) (3,000,000) (1,200,000,000) (1,200,000,000) (439,855,181)
Incurred during the year VND		21,697,541,474 (901,647,002)	20,795,894,472		48,551,598,593 2,444,437,392 3,393,335,485 2,533,102,800 101,864,004 3,000,000
As at 1.1.2020 VND (As restated - Note 3)		2,043,008,000	2,043,008,000		2,021,316,114 630,709,951 1,830,190,004 - 1,868,254,250 969,627,488 439,855,181 7,759,952,988
	(a) Receivables	VAT to be reclaimed Land rental fees (*)		(b) Payables	Output VAT (Note 3) VAT on imported goods Business income tax (Note 3) Personal income tax (Note 3) Land and housing tax Business license tax VAT (**) Penalty on late VAT payment Tax penalty (***) (Note 3)

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

14 TAX AND RECEIVABLES FROM/PAYABLES TO THE STATE (CONTINUED)

- (*) On 24 July 2019, the Company received a re-assessment by the authorities on one of its taxes, according to which, the Company had overpaid land rental fees with amount of approximately VND 2,493,831,000. This overpayment is allowed to be offset against the Company's future respective tax obligation.
- (**) This represents the VAT payable to the State in accordance with Decision No. 03/HSPT dated 12 and 13 January 2005, issued by the Supreme People's Court of Vietnam Appellate Court in Hanoi (Note 7). During the year, the Company paid VND 1,200,000,000 to the tax authority.
- (***) This represents tax penalty in accordance with Decision No. 6565/QD-CT dated 10 December 2020 (Note 3).

15 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

		2020 VND		2019 VND
	Distributor support expenses Staff bonus Others	2,584,549,933 2,288,227,829 2,440,920,023		2,057,899,635 3,059,367,331 1,166,144,355
		7,313,697,785	:	6,283,411,321
16	OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES			
		2020		2040
		VND		2019 VND
	Payables to Ha Long Canfoco Kindergarten			
	Payables to Ha Long Canfoco Kindergarten (Notes 4 and 31(b))			
		VND		VND
	(Notes 4 and 31(b)) Trade union fees Dividend payable (Note 31(b))	VND 837,613,500 291,009,744 73,094,250		VND 800,000,000
	(Notes 4 and 31(b)) Trade union fees	VND 837,613,500 291,009,744	-	VND 800,000,000 374,374,176

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

17 BORROWINGS

Loan agreement dated 30 December 2019 and the amendment dated 28 December 2020

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

17 BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

(*) As at 31 December 2020, the Company's borrowing balances consisted of:

Loan purpose Collaterals	Financing Tangible fixed working assets (Note 11(a)) capital and land use right at 71 Le Lai Street, May Chai Ward, Ngo Quyen District, Hai Dhong City		Financing Unsecured working capital
Interest rate Loan per annum purpo	6.5% per Financ annum workin capital	8% per annum	6.5% per Financ annum working capital
Principal and interest repayment term	Principal repayments will be made within 4 months from the drawdown date. Interests are payable monthly.	Principal repayments will be made within 36 months from the drawdown date. Interests are payable monthly.	Principal repayments will be made within 6 months from the drawdown date. Interests are payable monthly.
Balances as at 31.12.2020 VND	29,875,169,378	1,899,169,000	10,000,000,000
Lenders and loan contracts	Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development Loan agreement dated 10 August 2020 and the amendment dated 17 August 2020	Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank Loan agreement dated 6 July 2020	Vietnam Export Import Commercial Joint Stock Bank Loan agreement dated 24 December 2020
	(E)		(iv)

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

18 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

This fund was established by appropriating from retained profits as approved by shareholders at the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting. This fund is used to pay bonus and welfare to the Company's employees in accordance with the Company's bonus and welfare policies.

Movements of bonus and welfare fund during the year were as follows:

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Beginning of year Appropriated from undistributed profit (*) Utilised during the year	2,885,210,976 750,000,000 (43,200,000)	2,914,424,565 (29,213,589)
End of year	3,592,010,976	2,885,210,976

^(*) Bonus and welfare fund were appropriated in accordance with the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting Resolution No. 01A/2020/NQ-DHDCD dated 26 August 2020.

19 PROVISIONS FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Provision for restoration cost (*)	3,858,153,913	3,672,322,933

(*) This represents the provision for dismantling and restoration cost of the Company's leased land at 71 Le Lai Street, May Chai Ward, Ngo Quyen District, Hai Phong City, Vietnam in accordance with the Contract No. 11/HD/TD dated 15 March 1999 between the Company and Land and Housing Department of Hai Phong City, in which the Company has obligation to clear the land at the end of the lease term. The land clearance includes removals of the Company's properties located on the lands and restoration of the lands to their original condition.

Movements in the provision during the year were as follows:

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Beginning of year Interest Re-estimation	3,672,322,933 185,830,980 -	6,183,276,255 262,955,585 (2,773,908,907)
End of year	3,858,153,913	3,672,322,933

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

20 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	2020 Ordinary shares	2019 Ordinary shares
Number of shares registered	5,000,000	5,000,000
Number of shares issued	5,000,000	5,000,000
Number of existing shares in circulation	5,000,000	5,000,000

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

	2020	2020)
	Ordinary shares	%	Ordinary shares	%
Shareholding owned by the State Shareholding owned by other owners	1,387,360 3,612,640	27.75 72.25	1,387,360 3,612,640	27.75 72.25
Number of shares issued	5,000,000	100	5,000,000	100

(c) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND	Total VND
As at 1 January 2019	5,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
As at 31 December 2019	5,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
As at 31 December 2020	5,000,000	50,000,000,000	50,000,000,000

Par value per share: VND 10,000.

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

21 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Undistributed earnings Total VND VND	3,323,217,569 98,096,865,067	7,651,507,037 (2,025,612,415) 5,625,894,622 (2,500,000,000) 7,651,507,037 (2,025,612,415) 5,625,894,622 (2,500,000,000)	6,449,112,191 101,222,759,689 11,453,473,269 11,453,473,269 (5,000,000,000) (5,000,000,000) (1,500,000,000) (1,500,000,000)	11,402,585,460 106,176,232,958
Investment and U development fund VND	29,020,260,148	(2,3)	29,020,260,148 6 - 11 - (5,0 - (1,3)	29,020,260,148
Share premium VND	15,753,387,350	1 1 1 1	15,753,387,350	15,753,387,350
Owners' capital VND	50,000,000,000	T T 1 1	20,000,000,000	50,000,000,000
	As at 1 January 2019	- As previously reported - Retrospective adjustment - Note 3 - As restated Dividends distribution As at 31 December 2019	(As restated) Net profit for the year Dividends distribution (Note 22) (*) Others (*)	As at 31 December 2020

to bonus and welfare fund (Note 18); and distribute VND 750,000,000 of bonus to Board of Management, Board of Directors, and Board of Supervision as exceeding the target of year 2019. (*) In accordance with the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting Resolution No. 01A/2020/NQ-DHDCD dated 26 August 2020, undistributed earnings as at 1 January 2019 were used to distribute dividends with the amount of VND 5,000,000 (Note 22); appropriate VND 750,000,000

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

22 DIVIDENDS

Dividends on ordinary shares declared after the balance date was VND 5,000,000,000 in accordance with the Annual Shareholders' General Meeting Resolution No. 01A/2020/NQ-DHDCD dated 26 August 2020 as 10% per par value of the ordinary shares (equal to VND 1,000 per ordinary share).

23 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

As at 31 December 2020, included in cash and cash equivalents were balances held in foreign currencies of USD 10 (as at 31 December 2019: USD 10).

24 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

Revenue	2020 VND	2019 VND
Revenue from sales of finished goods Revenue from sales of merchandises Revenue from warehouse rental	396,127,085,970 92,011,274,467	341,846,229,314 63,083,918,419 165,700,000
	488,138,360,437	405,095,847,733
Sales deductions		
Trade discounts Sales returns	(3,243,887,104) (856,984,652)	(2,215,084,776) (1,660,094,572)
	(4,100,871,756)	(3,875,179,348)
Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		
Net revenue from sales of finished goods	392,121,485,506	338,041,169,002
Net revenue from sales of merchandises Net revenue from warehouse rental	91,916,003,175	63,013,799,383 165,700,000
	484,037,488,681	401,220,668,385

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

25 COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

	COOL OF COOPS COEP AND SERVICES IN	LINDLINED	
		2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)
	Cost of finished goods sold Cost of merchandises sold Reversal of provision for decline in value	297,820,057,622 67,221,886,116	250,102,774,274 49,712,929,534
	of inventories	(274,256)	(3,923,703,065)
		365,041,669,482	295,892,000,743
26	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
	Interest expenses	3,602,134,617	2,252,207,220
	Financial expenses of provision for dismantling and restoration costs Others	185,830,980 407,268,129	83,561,878
		4,195,233,726	2,335,769,098
27	SELLING EXPENSES		
		2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)
	Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation expenses Logistics and loading costs Distributor support expenses Marketing and promotion expenses Outside service expenses Business trip expenses Others	27,702,923,498 36,296,597 9,955,268,578 32,794,716,839 1,221,925,718 2,240,624,515 3,235,255,722 2,578,205,765	46,948,504,093 42,985,368 6,625,667,559 12,500,604,425 941,311,156 2,441,982,477 3,859,055,165 1,734,634,850 75,094,745,093

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

28 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2020 VND	2019 VND
Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Tax and fees expenses Outside service expenses Provision for doubtful debts Business trip expenses Others	9,471,247,551 578,530,467 1,303,444,922 5,576,881,029 533,903,200 764,331,204 1,930,017,297	10,088,408,956 658,341,276 1,284,372,143 4,313,811,439 588,553,357 1,708,433,411 4,870,535,062

29 BUSINESS INCOME TAX

The business income tax ("BIT") on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the tax rate of 20% as follows:

	2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)
Net accounting profit before tax	14,846,808,754	6,732,893,156
Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of:	2,969,361,751	1,346,578,631
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes - Temporary differences for which no	359,453,789	821,141,148
deferred income tax was recognised - Utilisation of previously unrecognised	64,519,945	(559,821,974)
tax losses - Others (Note 3)	-	(689,806,625) 188,907,354
BIT charge (*)	3,393,335,485	1,106,998,534
Charged to the income statement BIT – current BIT – deferred	3,393,335,485	1,106,998,534
	3,393,335,485	1,106,998,534

^(*) The business income tax charge for the year is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustment by the tax authorities.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

30 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

31

(a)

i)

ii)

Costs of operation by factor represents all costs incurred during the year, excluding cost of merchandises for trading activities. The details are as follows:

merchandises for trading activities. The details are	as follows:	., exclusing ever er
	2020 VND	2019 VND (As restated - Note 3)
Raw materials Staff costs Depreciation and amortisation Logistics and loading costs Distributor support expenses Outside service expenses Business trip expenses Others	250,623,679,837 78,662,924,382 4,603,340,468 9,955,268,578 32,794,716,839 15,715,024,102 3,999,586,926 8,565,677,128	203,984,748,934 97,270,798,939 4,630,582,755 6,625,667,559 12,500,604,425 14,734,262,110 5,567,488,576 10,654,070,342
RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES		
Related party transactions		
During the year, the following significant transaction	ns were carried out v	vith related parties:
	2020 VND	2019 VND
Sales of goods and services Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary		27,000,000
Purchases of goods and services Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary	53,573,209,391	35,964,693,240

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

31 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

(a)	Related party transactions (continued)		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
iii)	Compensation of key management Bui Quoc Hung Kek Chin Ann Mai Xuan Phong Nguyen Van Binh Wilson Cheah Hui Pin Tran Hoang Lam Pham Huu Quy Lam Pham Thi Hai Yen (appointed on 6 July 2020) Dang Quoc Viet (resigned on 5 March 2020) Tran Phuoc Thai Mai Thi Mai Hoa (appointed on 6 July 2020) Ngo Van Duy Nhat (resigned on 6 May 2020) Pham Thi Thu Nga Chua Seng Beng (resigned 15 September 2019)	297,027,027 1,854,979,797 278,108,108 259,189,189 259,189,189 259,189,189 259,189,189 86,810,909 75,639,314 75,000,000 25,000,000 41,666,667 1,177,036,775 30,000,000	150,629,628 1,347,959,460 133,345,680 107,419,752 86,419,752 128,419,752 128,419,752
		4,978,025,353	3,884,654,675
iv)	Financing activities Dividend declared to: - State shareholder - Other shareholders	1,387,360,000 3,612,640,000 5,000,000,000	693,680,000 1,806,320,000 2,500,000,000
(h)	Year end balances with related parties		
(b)	real end balances with related parties		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
i)	Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 6(a)) Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary	793,617,590	793,617,590
ii)	Long-term trade accounts receivable (Note 6(b)) Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary	1,587,235,181	2,380,852,771

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020			FOUII B 09 - DIV
31	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (CONTINUED)		
(b)	Year end balances with related parties (continued)		
		2020 VND	2019 VND
iii)	Investment in subsidiaries (Note 5) Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary Ha Long Canfoco - Kindergarten - Subsidiary	15,000,000,000 110,926,449 15,110,926,449	15,000,000,000 110,926,449 15,110,926,449
iv)	Other short-term receivable (Note 7) Ha Long Canfoco - Kindergarten - Subsidiary	182,178,924	
v)	Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 13) Ha Long Canfoco - Da Nang Company Limited - Subsidiary	2,379,568,180	11,187,902,748
vi)	Other short-term payables (Note 16) Shareholders Ha Long Canfoco - Kindergarten - Subsidiary	73,094,250 837,613,500 ——— 910,707,750	73,663,250 800,000,000 ——————————————————————————

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

IMPACT OF COVID-19 32

The wide spread of the Covid-19 since the beginning of 2020 is a fluid and challenging situation facing the Company's business. As at the date of signing these separate financial statements, the Legal Representative of the Company had performed an assessment of the overall impact of the situation Covid-19 on the Company's operations, including the recoverability of the carrying amount of assets, measurements of its assets and liabilities and concluded that the Company is able to be in normal operation in the next twelve months, except for impacts of force-majeure events, administrative orders by the authorities, and macro-economic conditions. The Legal Representative will continue to monitor the situation, take appropriate and timely actions to minimise the impact.

The separate financial statements for the year ended 34 December 2020 were approved by the **CÔNG TY**

> CỔ RHẬN ĐỔ HỘP HẠ LONG (HA LONG CANFOCO)

Legal Representative on 29 March 2021.

Do Thi Hoai Huong Preparer/Chief Accountant Kek Chin Ann General Director Authorised signatory